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a.s. 2010/2011

PROGRAMMA DI LINGUA INGLESE

INSEGNANTE: LUIGI CORDIDONNE

Culture plus:

British cities : Culture and glamour-Not only the capital city-The people: population and ethnic diversity-National identity-Leisure time and sport (football and rugby)- Eating in Britain-Food revolution in British schools- Causes and effects of the Industrial Revolution-Ignorance, you're history- A land in search of identity- The world according to 16-year olds- The Celts- W. Churchill-- Poetry on the streets-The Republic of Ireland and Northern Ireland- The environment-The people-Irish culture-The economy-Being teens in Ireland- Reading in the dark-Key concepts about the UsaChicago-Society-Diversity-Culture-The American Education System-International students in the U.S.-Obesity explodes-Canada: a community of cultures- The environment-The people- Australia: key words New Zealand: the people- Canadian identity-The Robber bride-Australia: the environment-Sydney- Aboriginal food- South Africa: the Rainbow Nation

Working with grammar:

Comparison: adverbs of manner (form); more/-er with adjectives and adverbs; as...as/not as....as with adjectives and adverbs; most/est, with adjectives and adverbs; irregular comparatives and superlatives of adjectives and adverbs; The Present; Infinitive; Imperative; Can: modal used for ability; the -ing form; Contrast: Past simple /Past continuous.-Past simple of be-Past simple regular verbs: affirmative- Past simple irregular verbs Past simple: interrogative, negative and negative-interrogative forms-Past Continuous-Contrast: past simple/past continuous-Conjunctions: after, before, when, while- Contrast: imperfetto italiano and English past continuous

Working with Grammar

Contrasto passato prossimo semplice/passato semplice-passato prossimo continuo-Pass. Pross. Sempl. E pass. Pross. Continuo con for e since- Contrasto pass. Pros. Sempl./pass. Pros. Continuo-Trapassato prossimo semplice-Trapassato prossimo semplice e continuo-Il futuro: futuro semplice shall e will-Futuro con be going to-Pres. cont. Con valore di futuro-Pres. Sempl. Con valore di futuro-Contrasto:intenzione/programma stabilito con going to/presente continuo-decisione con going to/will-Futuro continuo-Futuro anteriore

Inroduzione ai verbi modali e loro caratteristiche-

Permesso:can/could/may/might-Richiesta:can/could/will/would-Offrirsi di fare qualcosa-Invito o offerta-Proposta:shall/what about/why not-

Consiglio/raccomandazione:should/ought to-Proibizione:Must not/cannot/not supposed to/not allowed to-Dovere o necessità:must/have to/need-Mancanza di necessità: Don't have to/don't need to

Condizionale presente-Condizionale passato-periodo ipotetico tipo zero-

Periodo ipotetico 1° tipo-periodo ipotetico 2° tipo -periodo ipotetico 3° tipo-II



passivo: forma passiva. Forma passiva con verbi seguiti da due complementi-
Forma passiva con forme personali ed impersonali-Fare+infinito

Netlink:

-Excerpts from Units 1-18

Perugia, 11/6/2011

GLI ALUNNI

Prof

IL DOCENTE
